

PQ 5 Electricity Circuits

Q

Q1

Three resistors of $100\ \Omega$, $140\ \Omega$, and $80\ \Omega$ are placed in a series circuit.

a. Find the equivalent resistance. (Your answer should be between $0 - 500\ \Omega$)

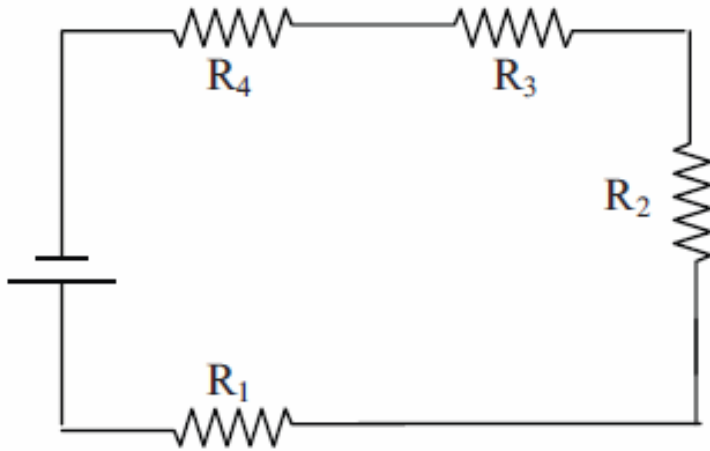
b. If you were to place these three resistors in parallel, what would the equivalent resistance be?
(Your answer should be between $0 - 100\ \Omega$)

Q2

By how much is the resistance reduced if you change the circuitry of three $20\ \Omega$ resistors in series to three $20\ \Omega$ resistors in parallel? (Your answer should be between $40 - 60\ \Omega$)

Q3

The circuit below has a 24 V battery connected to resistors $R_1 = 6 \Omega$, $R_2 = 10 \Omega$, $R_3 = 9 \Omega$, $R_4 = 5 \Omega$. Calculate the equivalent resistance and the net current of the circuit. (Your answer should be between $20 - 35 \Omega$, and between $0 - 1 \text{ A}$, respectively)



Q4

Three resistors are connected in series with an 18 V battery. $R_1 = 2 \Omega$, $R_2 = 4 \Omega$, $R_3 = 6 \Omega$

a. Draw a schematic diagram.

b. Determine the equivalent resistance, and net current for the circuit. (Your answer should be between $10 - 20 \Omega$, and between $1 - 3 \text{ A}$ respectively)

Q4 continued

- c. Determine the current in each resistor, and the potential difference across each resistor. (Each resistor should have the same current, and the sum of the potential differences should equal the potential difference in the battery)

Q5

Three resistors are connected in parallel with a 24 V battery. $R_1 = 6.0 \Omega$, $R_2 = 12.0 \Omega$, $R_3 = 18.0 \Omega$

a. Draw a schematic diagram.

b. Determine the equivalent resistance, and net current in the circuit. (Your answer should be between $0 - 10 \Omega$, and between $0 - 10 \text{ A}$ respectfully)

Q5 continued

- c. Determine the current in each resistor, and potential difference across each resistor. (The sum of the currents should equal the net current, and each resistor should have the same potential difference)

Q6

An $11.0\ \Omega$ resistor and a $6.0\ \Omega$ resistor are connected in series with a battery. The potential difference across the $6.0\ \Omega$ resistor is measured as $9\ \text{V}$. Find the potential difference across the battery. (Your answer should be between $20 - 30\ \text{Volts}$)

Q7

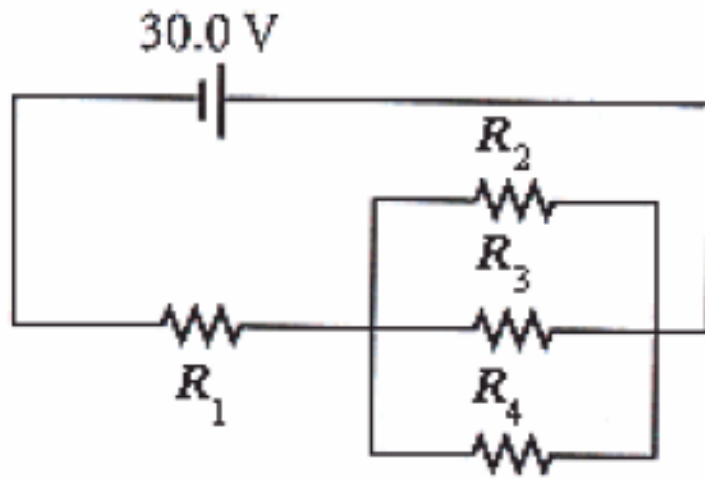
A $18.0\ \Omega$ resistor and a $6.0\ \Omega$ resistor are connected in parallel to a battery, and the current in the $18.0\ \Omega$ resistor is found to be $0.45\ \text{A}$. Find the potential difference across the battery. (Your answer should be between $5 - 10\ \text{Volts}$)

Q8

Two identical parallel-wired strings of 40 bulbs are connected to each other in series. If the equivalent resistance of the combination is $130.0\ \Omega$ when it is connected across a potential difference of $120.0\ \text{V}$, what is the resistance of each individual bulb? (Your answer should be between $2 - 3\ \text{k}\Omega$)

Q9

Find the equivalent resistance of the circuit shown below, if $R_1 = 13.0 \Omega$, $R_2 = 24.0 \Omega$, $R_3 = 10.0 \Omega$ and $R_4 = 3.0 \Omega$. (Your answer should be between $15 - 20 \Omega$)



Q10

The equivalent resistance of the circuit below is 60.0Ω . If $R_1 = 45.0 \Omega$, $R_2 = 5.0 \Omega$, $R_3 = 5.0 \Omega$ and $R_4 = 45.0 \Omega$, find the resistance of R . (Your answer should be between $34 - 40 \Omega$)

